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FINANCIAL STATEMENT with
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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1100 W. Frontview P. O. Box 1477 Dodge City, Kansas 67801 Tel. (620) 227-3135 Fax (620) 227-2308 www.kmc-cpa.com JAMES W. KENNEDY, CPA ROBERT C. NEIDHART, CPA PATRICK M. FRIESS, CPA JOHN W. HENDRICKSON, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Ashland, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statement.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note A; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note A, the financial statement is prepared by the City of Ashland, Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of December 31, 2018, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of December 31, 2018, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note A.

#### Other Matters

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures, and summary of regulatory basis receipts and disbursements-agency funds (Schedules 1, 2, and 3, as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2018, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2017 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the website of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link: http://admin.ks.gov/offices/chieffinancial-officer/municipal-services. The 2017 actual column (2017 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such 2017 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 basic financial statement. The 2017 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 basic financial statement or to the 2017 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2017 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2017, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

Kennedy McKee & Company LLP

September 30, 2019

# SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

<u>Fund</u>	Beginning unencumbered cash balance	Prior year canceled encumbrances
General fund: General	\$ 51,877	\$ -
Special purpose funds: Library Special highway Special parks and recreation Non-budgeted special purpose funds: GS little house grant Special equipment Gifts and grants George Theis, Jr. memorial Pool improvement	3,978 6,700 2,518 106 35,294 - 710 20,000	- - - - - - - -
Capital project fund: Electric improvement		
Business funds: Water utility Electric utility Sewer utility Non-budgeted business funds: Water equipment reserve Electric reserve	121,519 93,650 4,792 25,300 131,762	- - - - - -
Total - excluding agency funds	\$ 498,206	\$ -

Composition of cash balance:

Checking accounts

Petty cash

Certificates of deposit

Capital lease proceeds held in escrow

Total cash Agency funds

Total cash - excluding agency funds

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Receipts	Expenditures	Ending unencumbered cash balance	Add encumbrances and accounts payable	Ending cash balance
\$ 399,121	\$ 411,254	\$ 39,744	\$ 9,986	\$ 49,730
18,653 21,563 189	18,653 25,837 -	3,978 2,426 2,707	- - -	3,978 2,426 2,707
20,000 8 	- - - 28 4,960	106 35,294 20,000 690 15,040	- - - - -	106 35,294 20,000 690 15,040
60,413	49,478	80,241		80,241
720,000	523,594	196,406	<del>-</del> _	196,406
207,582 1,507,914 102,803	217,920 1,501,251 101,170	111,181 100,313 6,425	311 1,429 52	111,492 101,742 6,477
- -	<u>-</u>	25,300 131,762	- -	25,300 131,762
1,818,299	1,820,341	374,981	1,792	376,773
\$ 2,997,833	\$ 2,804,667	\$ 691,372	\$ 11,778	\$ 703,150
				\$ 233,898 100 300,500 196,406 730,904 (27,754) \$ 703,150

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2018

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statement is presented to assist in understanding the City's financial statement. The financial statement and notes are representations of the City's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

#### 1. Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Ashland is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. This regulatory financial statement does not include the Ashland City Library or the Ashland, Kansas Public Building Commission, related municipal entities. A related municipal entity is an entity established to benefit the City and/or its constituents.

**Ashland City Library.** The Library is fiscally dependent on the City and the budget is approved by the City Council. The members of the governing board are appointed by the City Council. Acquisition or disposition of real property by the Library must be approved by the City. Bond issuances must also be approved by the City.

**Ashland, Kansas Public Building Commission.** The Commission was authorized by City Ordinance No. 598, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1757 *et. seq.*, and all amendments thereto, and as amended, supplemented and limited by the City of Ashland, Kansas Charter Ordinance No. 7 establishing the composition thereof and purpose for which established.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. In governmental accounting, a fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2018:

#### REGULATORY BASIS FUND TYPES

<u>General fund</u> – the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose funds</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)</u>

<u>Capital Project fund</u> – used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

<u>Business funds</u> – funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service funds, etc.).

<u>Agency funds</u> – funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity.

### 3. Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

#### 4. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- a. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- b. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- c. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- d. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. The following fund was amended for 2018:

<u>Fund</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>
Electric Utility	\$ 1,513,022	\$ 1,664,000

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4. <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for the George Theis, Jr. Memorial, Gifts and Grants, Special Equipment, GS Little House Grant, and the Pool Improvement special purpose funds, capital project funds, agency funds or the utility reserve funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

#### B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds to have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2018.

At December 31, 2018 the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$534,398 and the bank balance was \$572,030. Of the bank balance, \$453,964 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$118,066 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

#### C. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

<u>Issue</u> paid	Balance beginning of year	beginning		Balance end c	Interest and service fees of year
Capital leases: Electric utility Issued May 15, 2013 In the amount of \$380,225 At interest rate of 1.98% Maturing May 15, 2018	\$ 37,284	\$ -	\$ 37,284	\$ -	\$ 738
Electric utility Issued March 20, 2014 In the amount of \$254,500 At interest rate of 2.15% Maturing October 15, 2018	49,829	-	49,829	-	1,071
Sewer utility Issued March 15, 2016 In the amount of \$142,850 At interest rate of 3.15% Maturing March 15, 2021	116,024	-	27,670	88,354	3,655
Electric utility Issued July 27, 2018 In the amount of \$720,000 At interest rate of 2.75% Maturing September 1, 2025		720,000		720,000	
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 203,137</u>	<u>\$ 720,000</u>	<u>\$ 114,783</u>	<u>\$ 808,354</u>	<u>\$ 5,464</u>

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest through maturity are as follows:

		Principal due	 erest and vice fees due	 Total due
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	121,570 126,980 130,590 102,978 105,809 108,719 111,708	\$ 24,536 19,126 15,516 11,803 8,971 6,061 3,072	\$ 146,106 146,106 146,106 114,781 114,780 114,780 114,780
Total	<u>\$</u>	808,354	\$ 89,085	\$ 897,439

#### D. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers were as follows:

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Statutory <u>authority</u>
Electric utility Water utility Sewer utility	General General General	\$ 75,000 25,000 5,000	K.S.A. 12-825d K.S.A. 12-825d K.S.A. 12-825d
		<u>\$ 105,000</u>	

#### E. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

Other post employment benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the City is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

Death and disability other post employment benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in KPERS receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Vacation leave – Ten working days per year are allowed as vacation leave to regular full time City employees after one year of service. This increases to fifteen vacation days after ten years of service. If not used by year-end, these days are lost.

Sick leave – Sick leave for regular full-time employees is earned at a rate of four hours per month and may accrue up to a maximum of 360 hours. Unused sick leave will not be paid upon termination or resignation.

Section 457 deferred compensation plan – The City offers a Section 457 deferred compensation plan to all employees on a voluntary basis. The City does not contribute to the plan.

#### F. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at <a href="https://www.kpers.org">www.kpers.org</a> or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100; Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### F. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.39% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$33,620 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

At December 31, 2018, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$246,520. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at <a href="https://www.kpers.org">www.kpers.org</a> or can be obtained as described above.

#### G. PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION REVENUE BONDS

In October 2015, the City of Ashland, Kansas (City) and the City of Ashland Public Building Commission (PBC) entered into agreements to issue \$9,000,000 of Ashland, Kansas, Public Building Commission Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 to pay a portion of the costs to construct, furnish and equip a new hospital facility and improvements in an amount not to exceed \$15,100,000. In June 2016, the City and PBC entered into agreements to issue another \$5,510,000 of Ashland, Kansas, Public Building Commission Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 to pay a portion of the costs to construct, furnish and equip a new hospital facility and improvements. The new facility will be constructed on a new site owned by the Ashland Hospital District No. 3 (District). In connection with this agreement, the District transferred title to its facility to the PBC. Under the terms of the agreement, the City leased the facility from the PBC and then subleased it to the District. The sublease agreement with the City requires the District to pay basic rent to the bond trustee equal to the principal and interest on the Bonds as they come due. The District's obligation to make basic rent payments under the sublease is further secured by a pledge of its revenues. Upon retirement of the Bonds, the District will assume title and ownership of the facility. Accordingly, the leased property and bond indebtedness has been included in the financial statements of the District and not the City.

#### H. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City paid approximately \$58,704 in insurance premiums during the year to an insurance company of which the Mayor is an officer.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and medical needs of employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover health, property, liability, and worker's compensation claims. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### J. CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital project authorizations with approved change orders compared with cash disbursements and accounts payable from inception are as follows:

	Project authorization	Cash disbursements and accounts payable to date		
	<u>authorization</u>	<u>to date</u>		
Electrical expansion	<u>\$ 893,117</u>	<u>\$ 663,605</u>		

#### K. COMMITMENTS

The City has commitments for repairs and maintenance, visual inspection, emergency services, and washout inspections for two water towers as follows:

2019 \$ 25,670

#### L. CONTINGENCIES

The City receives Federal and State Grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by Federal and State agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of City management, such disallowances, if any, would be insignificant.

#### M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2019, the date on which the financial statement was available to be used. Management's evaluation concluded that there are no subsequent events that are required to be recognized or disclosed in this financial statement.

# REGULATORY – REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

<u>Fund</u>	Certified budget	Adjustment for qualifying budget credits	Total budget for comparison	budget chargeable for to current	
General fund	\$ 468,500	\$ -	\$ 468,500	\$ 411,254	\$ 57,246
Special purpose funds:					
Library	19,500	-	19,500	18,653	847
Special highway	31,506	-	31,506	25,837	5,669
Special parks and					
recreation	2,518	-	2,518	-	2,518
Business funds:					
Water utility	225,000	-	225,000	217,920	7,080
Electric utility	1,664,000	-	1,664,000	1,501,251	162,749
Sewer utility	106,325		106,325	101,170	5,155
Total	\$ 2,517,349	\$ -	\$ 2,517,349	\$ 2,276,085	\$ 241,264

#### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

			2018	
	2017	Actual	Budget	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
Receipts:				
Taxes and shared revenue:				
Ad valorem property tax	\$ 169,193	\$ 167,656	\$ 169,696	\$ (2,040)
Delinquent tax	24,207	15,367	-	15,367
Motor vehicle tax	47,646	49,069	49,735	(666)
Recreational vehicle tax	672	624	777	(153)
16/20M truck tax	744	651	735	(84)
Local alcoholic liquor	-	188	-	188
Interconnecting links	12,795	12,804	12,750	54
State and federal aid	45,168	, -	-	-
Licenses, fees, fines and permits:				
Franchise fees	14,148	15,051	12,000	3,051
Fines	213	440	100	340
Licenses and permits	450	600	450	150
Charges for services:				
Cemetery	1,565	1,020	2,000	(980)
Swimming pool	4,434	3,859	4,200	(341)
Use of money and property:				,
Farm income	9,396	9,955	9,000	955
Airport receipts	8,870	10,721	10,000	721
Miscellaneous	15,380	14,709	-	14,709
Transfer from electric utility	75,000	75,000	125,000	(50,000)
Transfer from water utility	70,000	25,000	30,000	(5,000)
Transfer from sewer utility	10,000	5,000	10,000	(5,000)
Neighborhood revitalization rebate	(9,676)	(8,593)	(10,398)	1,805
Total receipts	500,205	399,121	\$ 426,045	\$ (26,924)
Expenditures:				
General government:				
General operations	136,671	103,065	\$ 152,000	\$ 48,935
Cemetery	14,322	7,263	13,000	5,737
Employee benefits	42,530	40,186	52,000	11,814
Nuisance abatement		3,777	7,500	3,723
Subtotal	193,523	154,291	224,500	70,209

#### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

		2018				
		Variance				
	22.17		5	favorable		
	2017	Actual	Budget	(unfavorable)		
Public safety:						
Fire department	\$ 14,534	\$ 17,086	\$ 15,000	\$ (2,086)		
Highways and streets:						
Streets and alleys	188,893	201,845	177,500	(24,345)		
Spraying	880		1,000	1,000		
Subtotal	189,773	201,845	178,500	(23,345)		
Culture and recreation:						
Park department	1,878	1,504	2,500	996		
Swimming pool	35,046	26,319	28,000	1,681		
Airport	10,016	10,209	20,000	9,791		
Subtotal	46,940	38,032	50,500	12,468		
Transfer to electric reserve	45,168					
Total expenditures	489,938	411,254	\$ 468,500	\$ 57,246		
Receipts over (under) expenditures	10,267	(12,133)				
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	41,610	51,877	\$ 42,455	\$ 9,422		
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 51,877	\$ 39,744				

#### LIBRARY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

				2018		
	2017	,	Actual	 Budget	fav	ariance vorable avorable)
Receipts:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem property tax	\$ 13,553	\$	14,059	\$ 14,229	\$	(170)
Delinquent tax	1,978		1,257	-		1,257
Motor vehicle tax	3,929		3,954	3,983		(29)
Recreational vehicle tax	56		50	62		(12)
16/20M truck tax	60		54	59		(5)
Neighborhood revitalization rebate	 (775)		(721)	 (872)		151
Total receipts	18,801		18,653	\$ 17,461	\$	1,192
Expenditures:						
Library appropriation	17,900		18,653	\$ 19,500	\$	847
Receipts over (under) expenditures	901		_			
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	 3,077		3,978	\$ 2,039	\$	1,939
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 3,978	\$	3,978			

#### SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

			2018					
	2017		Actual		Budget		fa	/ariance avorable favorable)
Receipts: Gasoline tax	\$	21,634	\$	21,563	\$	22,240	\$	(677)
Expenditures: Highways and streets:								
Contractual services		-		12,934	\$	-	\$	(12,934)
Commodities		16,859		12,903		31,506		18,603
Total expenditures		16,859		25,837	\$	31,506	\$	5,669
Receipts over (under) expenditures		4,775		(4,274)	<b>ው</b>	0.266	ф	(O.ECC)
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		1,925		6,700	\$	9,266	\$	(2,566)
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	6,700	\$	2,426				

#### SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

			2018					
	2017		Actual		Budget		Variance favorable (unfavorab	
Receipts: Local alcoholic liquor	\$	-	\$	189	\$		\$	189
Expenditures: Culture and recreation: Contractual services		<u>-</u>			\$	2,518	\$	2,518
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		- 2,518		189 2,518	\$	2,518	\$	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	2,518	\$	2,707				

#### NON-BUDGETED SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS

### SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	ho	little ouse ant	Special uipment	ifts and grants	The	eorge eis, Jr. morial	imp	Pool provement	 Total
Receipts: Grants and donations Interest	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$ 20,000	\$	- 8	\$	- -	\$ 20,000
Total receipts		-	-	20,000		8		-	20,008
Expenditures: Commodities			 	 		28		4,960	 4,988
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		- 106	- 35,294	20,000		(20) 710		(4,960) 20,000	15,020 56,110
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	106	\$ 35,294	\$ 20,000	\$	690	\$	15,040	\$ 71,130

#### **ELECTRIC IMPROVEMENT FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Receipts: Capital lease proceeds	\$ 720,000
Expenditures: Capital outlay	 523,594
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	196,406
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 196,406

#### WATER UTILITY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

			2018					
	2017		Actual		Budget	fa	/ariance avorable ifavorable)	
Receipts:			_					
Customer charges	\$ 209,412		\$ 204,976	\$	175,000	\$	29,976	
Interest	680		2,606	<u> </u>	-	Ψ —	2,606	
Total receipts	210,092		207,582	\$	175,000	\$	32,582	
Expenditures:								
Production	24,265		69,257	\$	65,000	\$	(4,257)	
Transmission and distribution	85,619		84,240		55,000		(29,240)	
General and administrative	40,678		39,423		50,000		10,577	
Transfer to general	70,000		25,000		30,000		5,000	
Transfer to special equipment					25,000		25,000	
Total expenditures	220,562		217,920	\$	225,000	\$	7,080	
Receipts over (under) expenditures	(10,470)	1	(10,338)					
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	131,989		121,519	\$	81,989	\$	39,530	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 121,519	_	\$ 111,181	\$	31,989	\$	79,192	

#### **ELECTRIC UTILITY FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

		2018						
				Variance favorable				
	2017	Actual	Budget	(unfavorable)				
Receipts:								
Customer charges	\$ 1,509,609	\$ 1,504,155	\$ 1,600,000	\$ (95,845)				
Other	4,879	3,759	ψ 1,000,000 -	3,759				
	· ·			,				
Total receipts	1,514,488	1,507,914	\$ 1,600,000	\$ (92,086)				
Expenditures:								
Production	1,055,082	1,100,190	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 149,810				
Transmission and distribution	166,790	150,638	150,000	(638)				
General and administrative	91,003	86,501	100,000	13,499				
Debt service	126,304	88,922	39,000	(49,922)				
Transfer to general	75,000	75,000	125,000	50,000				
Transfer to special equipment	10,000							
Total expenditures	1,524,179	1,501,251	\$ 1,664,000	\$ 162,749				
Receipts over (under) expenditures	(9,691)	6,663						
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	103,341	93,650	\$ 93,650	\$ -				
, 5 5				·				
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 93,650	\$ 100,313	\$ 29,650	\$ 70,663				

#### **SEWER UTILITY FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

		2018					
	 2017 Actual Budget		Variance favorable (unfavorable				
Receipts:							
Customer charges Interest Other	\$ 99,573 3,563 -	\$	99,458 3,040 305	\$	100,000 2,000 -	\$	(542) 1,040 305
Total receipts	 103,136		102,803	\$	102,000	\$	803
Expenditures:							
Production	32,811		34,528	\$	30,000	\$	(4,528)
Transmission and distribution	9,050		8,296		10,000	·	1,704
General and administrative	23,723		22,021		25,000		2,979
Debt service	31,325		31,325		31,325		-
Transfer to general	 10,000		5,000		10,000		5,000
Total expenditures	 106,909		101,170	\$	106,325	\$	5,155
Receipts over (under) expenditures	(3,773)		1,633				
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	 8,565		4,792	\$	5,241	\$	(449)
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 4,792	\$	6,425	\$	916	\$	5,509

#### NON-BUDGETED BUSINESS FUNDS

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Water equipment <u>reserve</u>			Electric reserve	Total		
Receipts: Transfer from general	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Expenditures							
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		25,300		- 131,762		- 157,062	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	25,300	\$	131,762	\$	157,062	

#### AGENCY FUNDS

# SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Fund	eginning cash palance	F	Receipts	Disk	oursements	Ending cash alance
Sanitation fund Customer deposits fund City sales tax	\$ 19 26,024 -	\$	120,908 8,000 112,006	\$	120,908 6,290 112,006	\$ 19 27,735 -
	\$ 26,043	\$	240,914	\$	239,204	\$ 27,754